

KENYA MUSEUM SOCIETY

TRACKER

FEBRUARY 2018



A flight of flamingoes – taken at Lake Natron by a KMS member.

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Kenya Museum Society and Muthaiga Country Club

When the Earth meets the Sky



By Dr Roberta Bondar

Space medicine research, fine art photography and environment education.

The world's first neurologist in space!

Seeing the Earth from space inspires us to cherish our natural environment that is unique in the known universe. But it is only here, on the surface of our planet that we can see the complexity and appreciate the inter-connectedness of all life-forms.

This talk will definitely inspire us to put our lives in an ethical balance with others who share Earth's finite resources.

Saturday 17 February 2018

Muthaiga Country Club

Bitings & bar 6.30 pm, Talk 7.00 pm

**Cost: Ksh 3,000 Talk, Canape's & Dinner
Ksh 1,400 Talk & Canape's only**

Bookings: 0724 255299, 2339158 or info@kenyamuseumsociety.org

Payment: Safaricom Mpesa Paybill, Business no: 400800, Account no: 6571570019

Kenya Museum Society News

Trips and events

Forthcoming Safaris

Longer trips

Easter March 30th – April 2 to Meru National Park

Join us for a Easter weekend trip to the least visited Kenyan National Parks-Meru. Blessed with fourteen rivers, Meru National Park is part of a huge protected wilderness of over 6,000 sq km. It has rivers, grasslands, riverine forests with giant raffia palms, wetlands, and kopjes. Lying below 1,000 metres, Meru is pleasantly hot. The park has plenty of game, including the northern species of Grevy's zebra and reticulated giraffe.

En route to Meru we pass through the beautiful Nyambeni Hills. From here you get a bird's eye view of the plains east of Isiolo. George and Joy Adamson spent several years in Meru and Kora National Parks. Elsa, the lioness, was released in Meru and her grave along with that of Pippa the leopard are also in Meru. Apart from game viewing, activities will include visiting the Elsa's illusive grave if we can find it! A KMS safari is not a safari without a challenge.

We will stay within the Park at the self-catering KWS Kinna Guesthouse, a charming, old warden's house, and the Kinna Bandas, depending on the size of the group. The KWS accommodations are along the Bwatherongai River. The Kinna Guesthouse has three bedrooms with a double bed and two bedrooms with two single beds. The Bandas sleep two people in each.

The KWS guesthouse and bandas are reserved with payment in advance. The sooner we can confirm and pay for our reservations, the better. **Please confirm your interest by email and pay as soon as possible to ensure a place. You won't be confirmed until your payment is received. The deadline for payment is February 25.** Indicate your food allergies, food preferences, and if you'd like to help with cooking when you sign up. Bring on your culinary skills! There is a staff who can help with clean-up.

Cost: 18,500 Ksh for adults; 16,000 Ksh for children

Included: Food, lodging, guide, tips. Carry a picnic lunch for Friday.

Cost excludes Park entry fees, transportation costs, lunch on Monday.

* Please indicate your transportation status when signing up: if you will be driving, if can take passengers, or if need transportation. Van transportation can be arranged if needed.

Park entry fees: Citizens- 300 Ksh per day, Child- 215 Ksh; Residents- 1,030 Ksh per day, Child- 515 Ksh; Non-resident- \$52, Child- \$35

Deadline: Until group limit is reached or February 25 at the latest.

June Turkana Trip [More details soon – for an account of the 2017 Turkana trip see the November/December 2017 tracker]

One or two night trips

March 10 – 11 Nyeri - Treetops - the Aberdares National Park

This is a one night trip that covers history of Kenya as well as visit to a national park.

We go to Nyeri and the Salient area of the Aberdares National Park. The destination, Treetops, is about 180km from Nairobi. Treetops is famous as the lodge where Princess Elizabeth was staying when King George the Sixth died and she became queen. The lobby has a photographic exhibition of the events centred around 1952. The lodge faces Mt Kenya and has a water hole and a salt lick that is visited by wild animals at night, especially elephant.

Our first stop is near Nyeri to visit a charming Italian church where all Italian prisoners of war are buried. There will be a talk on the internment of the Italian prisoners during the Second World War.

We then continue to the Outspan Hotel. It is an old colonial hotel. Here we check in for Treetops lodge and process park entry to the Aberdares. We arrive at Treetops in time for lunch.

4-6pm there is a walk along the river.

Dinner and overnight at the lodge.

After breakfast on Sunday morning we return to the Outspan. The hotel has a connection to Lord Baden Powell, founder of the Boy Scout movement. His cottage is on the grounds and we visit the exhibition about the boy scouts. We then visit his grave nearby.

We can enjoy a light lunch in Nyeri before returning to Nairobi.

Cost: 14,250ksh pp sharing; single room supplement 900ksh

Included: Full Board at Treetops, walk along the river, tips

Not included: Transport, park entry

Roads: good tarmac to Nyeri, in the park the usual rough roads

Weather: cold at night so take a jacket

May Magadi – a trip by train and an overnight stay

Day (or half-day) Outings

HERITAGE WALKING TOUR

Sunday 25 February 2018, 10.00 am – 1.00 pm

Meeting time/place: 9.45 am, KMS office, Nairobi National Museum

Departure: 10.00 am

Ending point: Nairobi Gallery (Old PC)

#Re-livingHistory

This will be an excellent tour, which will see us explore the city's heritage. We will have a guided walk from the Nairobi National Museum, through Nairobi's city streets and learn about the history of the architecture of Nairobi's most prominent buildings, whose history span from the British occupation to the modern era.

Included:

- Guided walking tour to most of the gazetted city buildings by Martin Wahogo, author of Know Kenya pocket guide book
- Guide fees

Cost

KMS member: Ksh 900

child: Ksh 500

Guest adult: Ksh 1,200

child: Ksh 600

Payment Options for trips and events:

Safaricom: Mpesa paybill, Business No: 400800, Account: 6571570019

Airtel Money: 0780 755 231

RSVP: 0724 255 299, 078 755 231, 2339158 or info@kenyamuseumsociety.org

Proceeds made will go towards development of the NMK various projects.

Other upcoming outings

March Sat 10th – Kenya Quilt Guild Exhibition- Guided Tour (10 am-12 noon)

April Sat 24th Nairobi National Park: birding and game viewing }
June Sat 23rd Olorgesaille: pre-historic site and birding } details to follow

Other upcoming day outings (ideas but not yet plans: Watch this space!)

- Behind the scenes guided visits to Museum Departments
- Guided Tour of National Archives
- Railway Museum
- Sandstorm and Kazuri beads
- Hells Gate National Park – a walk in the gorge
- Lake Naivasha + Crescent Island - Boat ride and birding (not to mention hippos)
- Bata Shoe Factory, Limuru
- Hopcraft ranch
- Silk factory in Kitui
- Mitchells tea farm Kiambethu, Limuru
- Browns Cheese Factory

Talks

February: 17th Dr Roberta Bonar at Muthaiga Country Club (see poster p. 1).

We are likely to have another interesting speaker in February but things are not yet firmed up – watch your emails.

March 7: Update in the Fossil World, talk by Louise Leakey, at Karen Country Club

March 10: Sharad Rao at Muthaiga Country Club (see poster p. 8)

To book for any KMS event, please contact us on;

0724 255 299 / 0780 755 231 / 020 2339158

info@kenyamuseumsociety.org

Kenya Museum Society and Muthaiga Country Club

'Kenya – Then and Now'

1890 - 1963

By Sharad Rao, EBS

A Barrister of Lincoln's Inn, London and an author



An enlightening talk about the founding of the British East Africa Company, the arrival of Indians and European settlers, the Mau Mau uprising, Independence and transformation since.

Rao has served under all four Presidents and will also relate some of his experiences.

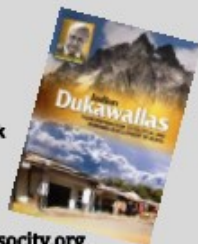
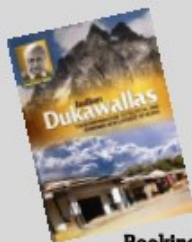
Saturday 10 March 2018

Muthaiga Country Club

Bitings & bar 6.30 pm, Talk 7.00 pm

**Cost: Ksh 3,000 Talk, Canape's & Dinner
Ksh 1,400 Talk & Canape's only**

His book 'Indian Dukawallas' will be on sale during the talk



Bookings: 0724 255299, 2339158 or info@kenyamuseumociety.org

Payment: Safaricom Mpesa Paybill, Business no: 400800, Account no: 6571570019

The Museum Society has just learned with deep sadness of the death of its first Chair, Esmond Bradley-Martin. Esmond was chair in 1970 and continued as a member of Council till 2009.

He was very well known for his great commitment and tireless work investigating the trade in ivory and rhino horn. His death is a very great loss to the cause of protecting Africa's priceless wildlife.

Above all, of course, it will be a great sorrow for his wife and family to whom we offer our heartfelt sympathies.



ANNOUNCEMENT OF **KMS ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** WED,
25 April 2018
FROM HONORARY SECRETARY, DR. MARLA STONE

You are kindly asked to attend the **Annual General Meeting** of the Kenya Museum Society **Wednesday, 25 April, at 6:15 pm at the Ford Hall.** See the agenda below. Wine, juice and bitings will be provided from 6:00 pm.

Any member who wishes to **nominate officers or other Council members** is encouraged to contact the KMS office by email or phone by **Wed, 5 April**. Self nominations are welcome, but they must be submitted in writing and seconded by the signature of another KMS full member.

Please **confirm your attendance or apology** on or before **Friday 20, April** by phone (020 3743808, 0724 255299 or wireless 020 2339158) or by email (info@kenyamuseumsociety.org).

Past KMS events

Account by an Msafiri

Tsavo East – Tsavo West – 26th Dec – 1st Jan by Richard Rosen (photos by author)

What were you doing for New Year's Eve? We – 10 happy members of the KMS Christmas trip, welcomed in the New Year to the sound of the Catholic Choir of St Joseph's Church singing to us at Voyager Ziwani Camp in Tsavo West, about 35km from the Tanzanian boarder. We had just come back from a night safari on the surrounding estate, with sightings of many shining yellow eyeballs from the startled impala and yellow throated wildebeests, a couple of marsh mongooses (or is that mongeese?) and a three metre python slithering across the track as we passed.



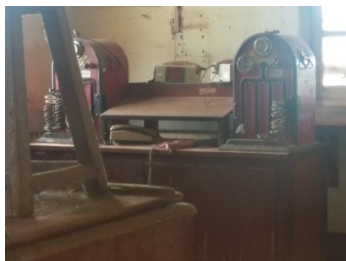
This was the culmination of the latest KMS expedition to explore the beauties of Kenya. It was a seven day excursion taking in Tsavo East and Tsavo West along with visits to historic sites at the old Tsavo Railway station (where it goes under the new SGR line), exploring the Man Eaters of Tsavo story and a visit to Grogan's Castle to learn about Ewart Grogan – a late 19th Century buccaneer and entrepreneur of the first order. This write-up will cover the historic sites and the visit to Lake Chala – first exploited by Grogan – but not the drives through the parks. I do not have the language to capture the ruggedness and desolate beauty of the parks and you will all have had game drive experiences of your own to draw on.

While some of you, dear readers, were quietly dozing on Boxing Day morning, groaning through your indigestion, we were gathering at 7.30am for the start of our trip. First stop was the Sikh Temple at Makindu. It sits by the Mombasa road 180km from Nairobi. Still a very active religious site, it is a venerable building, constructed in 1926 – much improved of late. Despite all bringing our packed lunches, TripAdvisor said the lunches provided were something to detour for. Sadly (regardless of religion) Boxing Day is probably not the best day to test the kitchen. I

got my first ticking off – “put a headscarf on” asked the waiter. I looked like an extra from a California Hells Angel gang – but then spoilt it by replacing my straw hat without thinking – which led to another ticking off as I hastily took it off again.*



We drove on to our first lodge at the famous Man Eaters Camp. Situated by the Tsavo River it nestles on the banks of the river



with the water running over the rocks. 10m away on the other side of the river are indigenous trees

low bush. The camp is all fixed tents looking

directly out on to the river. “Time for a swim” some cried – others just went straight

to the bar for a cold beer. Once refreshed, we walked back up the path to see the old

Tsavo railway station buildings, now crumbling, paint peeling and rust specked –

cracked windows in the raised signal box and the locked station building. Looking

through the dust laden windows there was the last evidence of a working station with

an old platform ticket machine and equipment we could not recognise – can anyone

identify the equipment in the picture?# The line has been superseded by the arrival of

the SGR but you could imagine the steam trains arriving, bringing hunters to the start

of their safaris or Kenyans carrying their new goods from Nairobi or Mombasa.

Mystery question – see # and

Walking the old line, seeing the cracked cold iron rails now starting to crumble at the

edges, we arrived at the point the old Rift Valley Line goes under the new SGR.

Nearby is Patterson Bridge – In 1898 John Paterson was commissioned by the Uganda

Railway committee in London to oversee the construction of a railway bridge over

the Tsavo River – work was rudely

interrupted when two lions started creeping

into the camps at night and eating the

workers. It took nine months between the

first disappearances and lions being shot.

During this time some 28 Indian workers

were eaten and countless Africans. We know the number of Indians because they



were eaten and countless Africans. We know the number of Indians because they

* The final story in Pheroze Nowrowjee’s new book, *Dukawalla and other stories* (Manqa Books Nairobi, 2017) is called “Makindu”. ☞ Available in the Museum shop – ed.

were on the official books of the railway while the African workers were not entered into any ledgers.

That night Narinder (team organiser and leader extraordinaire) gave us the first of two lectures during the trip. She told how the British had brought over 35,000 Punjabi workers to build the railway and explained that Punjabis are known for their building skills. At the end of the build, a programme was set up to offer each worker a couple of acres of land in the Kisumu area – seen as poor land with few prospects but many workers took up the offer and settled down there.

Once Narinder had finished (and we are not saying she went on too long) there was some disappointment when we found supper was running low but we got by – thank goodness for the uneaten packed lunches.

Day two saw us enter and cross Tsavo East, following the river along its course. There were many sightings. Elephants there are doing very well and at one point there must have been four herds in views with at least 75 elephants in total. Throughout the trip we found the birdlife wonderful. Various pictures are included and a full list of sightings is attached. Our most common travelling companion on the trip, in terms of birds, was the European Roller with its light brown wings and a baby blue body. When it flew the wings opened to reveal striking dark blue wing coverts (looked that expression up). But this was put into the shade by its far less common, near relative, the Lilac Breasted Roller.



European Roller takes wing

We spent the night at Crocodile Camp, a few kilometres outside the Eastern entrance of the park, off the road to Malindi. It is also a fixed tent lodge with a view over a much wider stretch of the river. The evening's



entertainment was watching the local crocodiles coming to feast on bones and dried animal skins, fed to them by the camp staff. We sat on the parapet three metres above them. Dike – our redoubtable German travel companion, once a teacher, happily retired for some 20 years - told us

“Crocodiles are the most perfect animals in the world. They are killing machines;

unchanged for more than 75 million years and added “that unlike the elephant, they would be around for millennia to come. Elephants are going to die out naturally because of their digestive system as they have not evolved to survive even in the medium term”. Food for thought - we were all careful not to lean too far over the parapet.

The next day saw us re-cross the park to stay at the Voi Wildlife Lodge. Just outside the park on the Western side, this was the most modern of the lodges we visited. The rooms are comfortable, modern, hotel style. Each has a full height glass patio doors looking out over three watering holes - just inside the park. We watched a herd of



elephants come for their evening drink and a lone elephant mooching around after a mud bath. The ground around part of the furthest hole then turned from green to brown as a large herd of water buffalo came to graze and laze. The lodge has multiple bars, evening entertainments of Kenyan song and dance, acrobats, children singing and then a solo guitarist/singer made it a different sort of night.

Day four saw us heading for Lake Jipe and our first view of Mt Kilimanjaro, shrouded in clouds but recognisable against the sky and the mountain ranges it sits in. The lake itself is outside the national parks and marks a border between Kenya and Tanzania. After another picnic lunch most of us set off for a walk along the side of the lake but this was soon abandoned as the early afternoon heat was too much for us.



Voyager Camp – looking out over the lake

We continued and arrived at the Voyager Ziwani tented camp. It is inside a 30,000 farm owned by Mr Kenyatta and is definitely on the top end of camps you can stay at without paying hundreds of dollars a night. The tents look out over a dammed lake with hippos, crocodiles and abundant birdlife.

Once settled in we went for a walk around the lake. If I’ve thought that taking a spear-carrying guide and a machine

gun-carrying guard was excessive, this was not the night. I was bumbling around as usual when Salim (our guide for the three days at the camp) said, “Don’t go that way – come around here”. Well I couldn’t see why but followed him anyway. A step or two later I saw movement out of the corner of my eye, as a two metre croc scuttled into the water. I decided that dusk had made it harder to spot but wondered what would have happened if I’d tripped over it?

We had been told a baby hippo had been killed earlier in the day. We saw a three metre plus croc paddling up-stream in the river feeding the dam, followed by two smaller ones. There were sounds of thrashing and splashing. We could see the croc spinning in the water. Sadly no pics of this but apparently it had the hippo carcass in its jaws and spins to break-off flesh it can then gobble down. It does this to prevent the smaller crocs having a chance to slip in and get supper for themselves. We continued the walk with Jamil telling us about the “Little Five”. * We all know what the big five are but there is a little five as well. They are: Elephant shrew, Buffalo weaver, Leopard tortoise, the Antlion or ant lion and the Rhino beetle. The sandy path we were walking on had numerous small holes about the size of a ballpoint pen. He tickled the edge of one of the holes with a stick. An instant later an ant made a grab for it and we saw our first antlion.

We went into Tsavo West on the 30th December. Before entering we visited Taveta where there is a well-maintained war cemetery for European, South African and a few German soldiers. Nearby is a memorial to the many Indian soldiers who died – in some ways more moving than the grave stones in the European cemetery as the memorial has a blessing in four Indian languages in recognition of the ethnic origins of those who died. Strangely – no monument to African soldiers.



There was a leisurely drive through the park seeing many animals – including Kudu, Oryx and more elephants. The birds were outstanding. We were puzzled by the large knots of stick and twigs in the branches of some of the trees and couldn’t work out if we were looking at

* See the book of this name available in the Museum shop – ed.

nests – either current or abandoned - or some sort of growth like mistletoe. Salim explained the nests were built by the Red Billed Buffalo Weaver (another of the little five). For its size it must be one of the strongest birds around as the weight of sticks, not twigs, it uses to build its nest is pretty impressive. More excitement at a sighting of the Southern Ground Hornbill – a bit of a rarity, we were told.



And then it was New Year's Eve. The last day's itinerary was packed. We started off at the hollow Baobab tree, used by a German female sniper during WW1 to slow the advance of the British Troops into Tanzania. She hid in the body of the tree but was eventually captured and executed but not before shooting a

considerable number of British troops. It is in sight of Salaita Hill where a major engagement took place in 1916.

Onto Grogan's Castle – a bit of a folly maybe - built in a variety of styles on an isolated hilltop in Taveta. Construction was in the 1930s. You enter into a part middle-eastern part Spanish hacienda grassed courtyard with bedrooms on two sides and the main body of the hotel in front of you. This part of the building is 30s art deco-style with curved window giving wide view of the surrounding countryside. The hotel has been refurbished and would make a great stop for a night or two if one was in the area. His bed is still there in the master bedroom.

Turning to Ewart Grogan himself – what a story. Narinder had given an even better lecture (than the Man Eaters one) on the man, his history and his achievements a couple of night before. You one has made the movie yet? A Born 1874. First man to walk Cairo – in order to win his in 1900 and arrived two and a nearly dying of disease on the initially made a number of real including the Cross estate and on which he built his famous which is the origins of the in Nairobi. In 1947 he donated the Gertrude Garden Children's after his wife.



wonder why no-potted history – from the Cape to bride). He set out half years later, journey. He estate purchases the Manse estate, house Chiromo, name of the area land to establish Hospital – named

He developed commercial logging near the Mau summit and cattle grazing on the Uasin Gishu plateau. He subsequently sunk a large portion of his wealth into building the first deep water harbour in Mombasa. He saw the fresh water Lake Chala for the first time and recognised that as it had no visible entry or exit points for water. So he went on to buy large land concessions in the area, build an extensive irrigation system which he used to water huge areas of farmland he bought. Grogan served on the Legislative Council throughout Kenya's move to independence. In his later years Grogan lived with nurse/companion Camilla Towers at his house in Taveta until she moved him to South Africa where he died in 1967 aged 92.

Which brings us to our visit to Lake Chala – a crater lake surrounded by a 100m high crater rim. The lake is fed through groundwater flows from Mt Kilimanjaro. Drainage out is also underground - the water flow through the lake is put at about 10 million m³/year. It is beautiful. Currently not many places to stay but a SA group is building a hotel on the crater rim.



Some thoughts on the trip. I think many of us

Narinder stands serenely at the crater rim found it a refreshing change to not just be going on a week's

safari. The mixture of game drives and historic and/or interesting sites made it a more varied trip. There are still three or four other minor events I haven't included, as it is. The lodges we stayed at made us think about what the tourists want in today's market. We (KMS members) may have cooed at the quaint tented lodges but for a younger generation Voi Wildlife Lodge probably offers much more of the holiday experience they are looking for. What I think we all did agree on was that we travelled a circuit that could and should be developed by Taveta County and the Parks if they want to create a great new tourist experience.

*KMS Gift Shop

Open daily 9.00am to 5.30pm

St Valentine's Day is coming!



Valentines book offer @ KMS shop

Visit KMS shop between 1st – 15th Feb and get a 10% off on selected titles.

Some of the titles includes;

- *Left to Tell*
- *Swahili for the Broken Hearted*
- *Hogs Tales*
- *Africa my Passion*
- *Russelas*
- *Running for Black Gold*
- *Desert Children*
-and many more!



Geographical Society maps of Kenya

The best map of Kenya. Only a few copies available at the KMS Shop – Ksh 1,900

For more information contact; KMS Shop 0713 354 926

KMS members receive 5% discount on other publications

For all your purchases, contact;

0713 354 926 or info@kenyamuseumsociety.org

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☞ **Remember:** entry to the Shop is free, no need to pay Museum entrance fee☺.

And if you enter from the Museum side, you can return to the Museum.

* Run by the Society —for the benefit of the Museum

About or at the National Museums of Kenya

Ringling of Palaearctic Birds

Dominic Chesire, Ornithologist & Research Scientist @ National Museums of Kenya

This is the oldest long-term project that specializes in ringing birds, and focuses particularly on palaeartic passerines.* In 1969 it was discovered that a large number of these, pass Ngulia Lodge in Tsavo West National Park and are found around the lodge's lights during rainy moonless nights and during low mist nights. The results led to establishment of the ringing programme in 1972 at Ngulia Safari Lodge, an activity that is still happening in the months of November and December every year. The programme is run purely by volunteers from all over the world including local ringers who are mainly drawn from National Museums of Kenya, A Rocha Kenya and Nature Kenya members who are good at and passionate about bird ringing.

The importance of the exercise is to monitor palaeartic species to establish both the breeding and wintering grounds. It begins in Europe - Asia and in Africa and it is done in a manner that the species' survival is safeguarded. This is done through recovering a ringed bird and noting their migration pattern. Some species are faster than others and when that array changes scientists will try to carry out more research to establish these changes. First arrivals species are well known and the range of what is expected in the mist nets for ringing is some-how known, which can quickly inform ringers whether we are early or late for the exercise, and during this time lots of Basra Reed Warbler, Sedge Warbler and Shrikes are spotted.

Since its inception, about half a million birds have been ringed out of which over two hundred have been recaptured during approximately one thousand ringing nights. The study is able to unravel species migration pattern, a majority species and the ages of both in the tail of migration and at the head. Some exercises carried out in different projects has been done in other parts of the country and palaeartic birds have been recaptured but in limited numbers only. Last year Ngulia volunteers ringed over fifteen thousand birds belonging to over forty species.

The National Museums of Kenya in the media

* Palaearctic = the biogeographic region comprising Eurasia north of the Himalayas, North Africa and the temperate part of the Arabian peninsula. Passerines = perching birds.

Fort Jesus: a storm in a teacup? But overall good news.

Readers will have been concerned a while ago at reports that Fort Jesus was in danger of falling into the sea.*

Building of a sea wall to protect the Fort has begun, but at one point both the Governor of Mombasa and the National Land Commission rushed in to claim that a reclamation process rather than building a sea wall was under way.

The NMK were able to explain that what might look like reclamation was only a temporary measure to protect the building process from the sea at all stages of the tide. According to the Director-General, over the centuries the high water mark had moved, as land was lost to the sea, 20 metres closer to the fort. What was being done was what the Portuguese had done 500 years ago: building a wall to protect the fort.

The National Land Commission has since approved the project, and we can hope that it will proceed peacefully to its conclusion.†



“The Fort, built by the Portuguese in 1593-1596 to the designs of Giovanni Battista Cairati to protect the port of Mombasa, is one of the most outstanding and well preserved examples of 16th Portuguese military fortification and a landmark in the history of this type of construction. The Fort's layout and form reflected the Renaissance ideal that perfect proportions and geometric harmony are to be found in the human body” – From the UNESCO World Heritage description

* E.g. the Standard in 2016 see <https://tinyurl.com/fortjesus>.

† For an account of the ruckus see “Sh498m Fort Jesus wall to stop erosion of World Heritage Site” in *The Star* January 17th 2018 at <https://tinyurl.com/Fortsaved>.

Kenya Museum Society's Mission, Benefits & Annual Rates

Kenya Museum Society is a non-profit members' organization founded in 1970. Our mission is to support and promote the National Museums of Kenya, the custodian of Kenya's natural and cultural heritage that manages six World Heritage Sites, twenty-two museums and over a hundred sites and monuments across the country.

Membership

By supporting KMS with your membership, you are helping to preserve and promote Kenyan history, culture and artifacts. At the same time you'll have fun learning about Kenya in the company of people who enjoy the same interests as you.

Become a KMS member and enjoy:

- o Free entry to all National and regional Museums, prehistoric sites and monuments in Kenya
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Single resident	KSH 1,750	One membership card
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Business Membership (Kenya)	Ksh 6,000	Eight membership cards

Contacts: info@kenyamuseumsociety.org OR 0724 – 255 299 and 2339158
www.kenyamuseumsociety.org

KMS Membership Registration Form

Please use BLOCK letters

Mr/Mrs/Ms/Dr/Prof (please circle)

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